ALBRIGHT BOUND TO QUIT.

He Will Be Receiver for the Nebraska Insurance Company No Longer.

MR. CARNES' ANSWER TO MR. HEIMROD.

Governor Thayer's Appointee Asks the Court to Ignore Governor Boyd's Action-Some Criminal Cases Settled.

The affairs of the defunct Nebraska fire Insurance company were aired in the district court yesterday afternoon. The case came up before Judge Wakeley on an application

for the appointment of a receiver. Receiver Albright, who was appointed shortly after the company went to the wall, was tired of his job and had threatened to

Attorney General Hastings appeared for the state, Attorney Erwin for the company and Attorney Smythe for Albright. Erwin opened the case by stating that Mr. Madden wants the affairs of the company closed up and the assets distributed among the stock-

The attorney general was with him upon the question of closing but wanted to see the money paid to the policy holders. Judge Wakeley stated that the logislature has designated who shall look after the inter-

ests of the policy holders and that the com-mencement of the Madden suit was brought in the interest of the stockholders. Erwin insisted that the attorney general ad right to intervene, as the company was been cared for.

The attorney general then reviewed the case, referring to the condition of the company, stating that at the time of the pre-tended sale the company held \$50,000 of good notes, \$35,000 of cash and \$13,000 of bonds. During the month that the new management had control of the company \$1,000 in prentums was received and no losses paid. A month later when Madden asked for a receiver, the cash and bonds had disappeared and only \$30,000 of worthless notes remained to pay liabilities. amounting to \$12,000,000.

Erwin insisted that Madden had exceeded his authority in bringing suit against the company, and that Hastings, the attorney general, was out of his place when he intervened. After this, he argued a motion, ask-ing that the attorney general be ousted. The motion was overruled.

Erwin urged that Hastings had not made a showing tending to prove the insolvency of the company. Judge Wakeley held that the showing was sufficient.

At this point Receiver Albright insisted

that he be relieved. Mr. Erwin favored the move, but stated that it may not be necessary dissolve the company, as he expects to show that all the allegations regarding th affairs of the company are false and that it is

Hastings thought differently and proposed the name of Douglas B. Welpton for the receivership. Welpton was formerly the adjuster for the company, and his appointment was opposed by Erwin, who stated that he is a party in interest, and that the company will bring suit against him ere many days. In behalf of the company he named S. J. Howeil, a coal dealer.

Both sides insisted upon their men and

Judge Wakeley took the matter under advisement. He will hand down his decision

Carnes Makes Reply.

Edward C. Carnes, the state oil inspector, appointed by Governor Thayer, will appear in the district court before Judge Doane at 10 o'clock this morning and ask to have the court vacate the restraining order that was issued at the instance of Louis Heimrod,

state oil inspector under Hon. James E. Boyd's short reign as governor of Nebraska. Last Saturday Louis Heimrod filed his petition and a restraining order preventing Carnes from performing the duties of the office, was made. At a late heur vesterday afternoon Carnes filed an answer and sets up the statement that on April 7 the office of state oil inspector was vacant. He denies that Heimrod on April 10, filed a bond of \$20,000 and then entered upon the discharge of the duties of the office. In addition to this he denies that removed therefrom on or about May 9, 1891 The answer charges that on May Carnes, with Governor Thayer, went to the office of the oil inspector, and finding it in possession of one John S. Kittle, Governor Thayer demanded possession of the keys, which were turned over by the said Kitti whereupon he, the said Carnes, having pre-viously filed his bond in the sum of \$20,000. entered upon the discharge of his duties as a

The answer states that Heimrod's petition contains no equity; states no cause of action, and should not be considered by the court. In another paragraph Carnes swears that the petition filed by Heimrod should be dismissed as the facts stated therein are untrue, and that the court has no jurisdiction to hear and

determine the case,
Governor Thayer comes to the relief covernor Thayer comes to the relief of Carnes, and in a lengthy affidavit cites the time and manner by which he secured his office, and that the same day Heimrel was duly and legally removed from the office to which he had been appointed. He then in company with Carnes went to Heimred's office in the state house and not finding him in degrated. state house and not finding him in, demande the keys and possession from Kittle. The papers and everything contained in the office were turned over to Carnes, after which he

was put in possession.

These affidavits are supported by all the deputies and clerks who are now in the em-Several Important Cases Disposed.

In the case of Lillie Leigh, administratrix against the Omaha street railway company, on trial before Judge Irvine, the defendant won, the jury returning a verdict for costs and exonerating the company from blame. In this case the husband of Mrs. Leigh was a horse car driver, employed on the North Twentieth street line, between the fair grounds and Lake street In October 1888, Leigh, while so employed, was kicked from the front end of his car, by the horses, and died a few days later. The widow sues for \$5,000.

The case of John Hart against Frank Kaspar is on trial before Judge Irvine. Hart al leges that in the summer of 1888, while work-ing on a grading contract, Kaspar, who was then a city councilman, visited him, and instructed him to fill up a lot on Mason street, between Eighteenth and Nineteeath. The work was performed. after which Kaspar instructed Hart to send his bill to the council for payment. The bill was presented and ignored, hence the suit.

Judge Davis is hearing the case of Jacob House against Frank Foss. House charges that as a surveyor, in the summer of 1887, and at the instance of Foss, he made the profile for the Belt Line railway and has never been paid for his work.

The case of Peter Niland against Solomon

Kadish, on trial before Judge Hopewell, was lisposed of, and a verdict rendered in favor

Cases were disposed of as follows: Judge Estelle-George Crick, forgery, our Judge Estelle—George Crick, forgery, par-raigned on two indictments and pleaded guilty to both; Harry W. Himmann, embezzling \$774 from the Wells-Fargo express company, pleaded not guilty and bail bond fixed at \$1,500; Martin Sweeney, assault and battery, pleaded guilty and fined \$10 and costs; George Palmer petit larceny, fittoen days in the county jail; Mrs. George Palmer, petit larceny, five days in the county jail; Rose Moran, petit larceny, five days in the county jail.

county jail, Judge Ferguson-Bank of Commerce vs Andrew Haas, on trial; John A. Craighton vs Finlayson & Douglass, verdict of \$5.45 for plaintiff; M. S. O'Rouke vs Hallcraft & Mc-Farland, dismissed on motion of plaintiff.

Judge Davis—Samuel Etkins vs Omaha

street railway, transferred to Judge Fergu-son's court; Fred Krug vs John Kammerer et al, continued; Harvey Landfare vs American ar, continued; Harvey Landrare vs American fire insurance company, passed; Frank Schmeiser vs Frank Murphy, continued. Judge Doane—Frank Colpetzer et al vs Smith Coffee et al, dismissed as to Louisa Hiller, defendant; Sopnie Lowe vs John Riley et al, death of Eliza Marvin suggested and leave given to pigintiff to amend patition and leave given to plaintiff to amend petition by making David M. Marvin guardian and party plaintiff; Richard Hogaboom vs Eliza-both J. Robertson et al, continued until

June 10: Herman Kahn vs Myer Hellman, continued on call for trial, on motion of defendant: Belle Bell vs Berton Bell, continued till May 29; A. J. Stanley vs B. F. Master et al. passed by consent: William H. Thomas vs Frank B. Johnson, transferred to law docket: F. M. Phillips vs Charles R. Cushman, transferred to equity docket: F. M. Phillips vs E. J. Corey, transferred to equity docket: Charles L. Blazer vs T. G. Plummer, metion to continue: Dora Knowles vs John motion to continue; Dora Knowies vs John E. Knowies; Estatorooke & Clapp withdraw as attorneys for pinintiff; Amos Phillips vs E. H. Waltens, transferred to equity docket

Judge Hopewell-Mary A. Sample vs Etta Coe, passed; William Comings vs 1da M. Bochm et al., judgment for plaintiff and de-Boenm et al., judgment for plaintiff and de-cree of foreclosure and sale; Sarah Selden vs David J. Selden, judgment for plaintiff as per stipulation; Samuel N. Bell vs August Bosche et al., demurrer of August Bosche sustained and plaintiff given leave to file amended petition making E. P. Bosche party 'o suit; John C. Fetzer vs W. B. Cowles et al. continued by consent al., continued by consent.

Wants a New Trial. Tom McNamee's attorneys yesterday filed a motion, asking for a new trial. They regard the verdict finding their client guilty of manslaughter as being contrary to the law and he evidence.

Dyspepsia has driven to an early and even suicidal grave many a man who, if he had tried the virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, would be alive today and in the enjoyment of health and competence. Sufferer, be warned in season and don't allow the system

A HARD JOB OF MARRYING.

Divorced Eugene Cowles Weds Miss Claire Beatrice Lucuschlass.

New York, May 26.-The Herald says: There was a rather remarkable wedding in this town last Saturday night, and one which recalls past events and a record of marital felicity very vividly. The bridegroom was Eugene H. Cowles, son of the late owner and editor of the Cleveland Leader, who became notorious about a year ago by abduct ing his little daughter from his wife's home after she had refused to live with him. This occurrence was followed by other sensational tevelopments, which ended in Cowles being shot by his wife's brother at Montreal.

Mrs. Cowles was the beautiful Miss Alice Hale of Euclid avenue, Cleveland, and the object of her husband's adoration was a young woman with the Franco-German name of Chaire Beatrice Luenschlass. Last Thursday Cowles whose troubles with his wife began years ago, learned from his law-yers in the west that she had obtained an absolute divorce from him and that he was free to marry again. As a result of this news Cowles immediately had a conference with his friends, among whom was Judge Murat Masterson, who happened to be stay-ing with his wife at the Sturtevant house, and E. K. Willard the stock broker.

Mr. Willard agreed to do what he could for his friend Cowies, and Saturday evening he called at the Mannattan club and asked Judge Beach if he had any objections to marrying Mr. Eusene H. Cowles to Miss Claire Beatrice Luenschlass. Judge Beach replied that he had very serious objections to performing such a ceremony and referred Mr. Willard and his friends to Dr. Houghton of "the Little Church Around the Corner," and to a number of civil justices. Mr Mas-terson then went back to his hotel and engaged a carriage to go to the church mentioned. The wedding party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Masterson, another lady and three gentlemen, besides the bridal couple. The drive to Dr. Houghton's was a very short one, and that gentleman had no objection to performing the ceremony until he learned that Mr. Cowles had been divorced from his first wife. Then the doctor gently refused

At this point some one suggested trying Justice Alfred Steckler, and the little procession wended its way to the Steckler mansion on Second avenue, near Seventh street. The first intimation that Mr. Alfred Steckler had of the tribulations of this couple who were having such hard work to get married was when he was told two gentlemen wished to see him in the reception room. The strangers were well dressed, but as soon as they had stated their business Justice Steckler po-litely informed them that he could do nothing for them as he believed the performance of the marriage ceremony and the incidental perquisites belonged to the clergy. He thereupon directed them to the Rev. Francis J. Schneider, who lived close by, at No. 109 and avenue.

Mr. Schneider thought at first he would have to refuse their request, owing to his duties at the church, but finally comented to perform the ceremony there in his little par-ier, and in a few moments Mr. Eugene H. Cowles and Miss Claire Beatrice Lueneschlass were man and wife. In filling out the marriage certificate the bride gave her age as twenty-four, her place of birth New Orleans, and her place of residence as Belleville, N. J., Mr. Cowles gave his age as thirty-seven, his occupation as an engineer and his place of residence as Lockport, N Y. He said his mother's name was Elizabeth Hutchins and that he was born in Cleveland As soon as the ceremony was performed the wedding party went to the St. James hotel and partook of a champagne supper and later of a champagne supper and later returned to their apartments at the Orienta

Over 450,000 Howe scales have been sold nd the demand increasing continually. Bor-en & Selleck Co., Chicago, III.

Ignored the Queen's Birthday. DETROIT, Mich., May 26 .- It has long been

the custom of the Detroit, Bell Isle & Windsor ferry company, whose boats ply between Detroit and Windsor, to celebrate the holidays of both countries by decorating their boats with flags. There has never been any official attention given to this, the company doing it voluntarily. Sunday was Queen Victoria's seventy-second birthday, but the Canadian authorities set apart yesterday for its celebration. When the ferry boats left the Windsor docks yesterday morning not a flag waved from their poles. Customs Officer Boyce ordered Commander Cook to raise his flags, which was done. When the ferry boat Victoria reached the Windsor side hogave a like order to the captain of that

Thin and impure blood is made rich and healthful by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures scrofula, sait rheum, all blood disorders

They Will Not Confer. PHILADELPHIA, May 26 .- After an animated discussion the Reformed Presbyterian church of North America, now in convention here, decided not to appoint a committee to confer with that appointed by the general assembly of the Presbyterian church of the United States of America last year, "to prepare a short creed containing the essential articles of the Westminister confession, and to be used as the common creed of these churches (those included in the general assembly and the reformed churches throughout the world nelding the Presbyterian school) not a substitute for the creed of any particular denomination, but to supply it for the common work of the church, especially in mission centres.

The Standard Cash Register after careful examination have adopted the Caligraph.

Robbers Foiled by an Engineer. BANGOR, Me., May 26.-The train which eft Bangor for St. John last night was held up just beyond Enfield by four men, who fired at the engineer and cars. The engineer pulled out before any one was hurt by the robbers, who were evidently after the con-tents of the baggage and mail cars.

Gesaler's Magic Headache Wafers. Cures all seadsches in 20 minutes. At all druggists

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS. Ex-Senator and Mrs. Van Wyck came up

from Nebraska City yesterday to call Governor and Mrs. Saunders. Will Belden of Salt Lake, formerly of the Union Pacific store department, this city, passed through Omaha, west-bound yester-

Colonel Charles E. Ware of the Woodard-Tiernan printing company, St. Louis, an old timer in every sense, a thorough newspaper

A very small pill but a very good one. De Witt's Little Early Risers.

ONE EVERY FOUR MINUTE.

Our great sale of Men's Suits at seven dollars and a half which is now in progress promises to beat any sale we have ever held. Our regular customers are so accustomed to getting bargains of us that it takes something out of the ordinary run to startle them, but we've succeeded this time. Around the tables set apart for this great sale, all day long you'll hear: "That beats anything I ever saw." "That's good enough to wear anywhere." "Say! Jim! that suit is just exactly as good as the one John paid fifteen dollars for." Once in a while some doubting fellow comes in expecting to find about an eight dollar suit for seven fifty. He picks up one worth fifteen dollars, examines it carefully, says confidentially to a salesman: "That ain't seven and a half, is it?" and when told that it is, about all he can say is: "W-e-l-l, b-y g-o-s-h!"

WHAT THEY ARE.



They are in all sizes, in Sacks, Frocks and Cutaways.

They are in plain, plaids, stripes, checks, mixtures, pepper and salt, &c.

They are in brown, blue, black, gray, tan, steel, slate, gold and brown mixtures, &c. They are suits many of which are worth fifteen dollars, the majority of them worth fourteen, thirteen, twelve, and eleven dollars, and not a single suit in the entire lot that can be matched under ten dollars in this country.

They are made of all wool cassimeres, diagonals, cheviots, tweeds, flannels, and silk and wool mixed cassimeres. They are made of goods that will stand by a man like a poor relation.

They are cut in style, lined and trimmed in shape, and made just as well as suits sold for twice the price [many of them are silk-faced].

THE PRICE OF THEM.



We placed eighteen hundred of these suits on sale on separate tables last Wednesday morning, all in one lot, all at the uniform price of



\$7.50.



We were crowded with lookers, lookers became buyers, buyers became our best advertisements, because they found out that they had a bargain and were not slow to tell of it.

OR MEMORIAL DAY To make it more interesting for the old soldier who defended his country in the hour of her need, we will add to



or double breasted sack coats, made with eyelets for interchangeable buttons [G. A. R. buttons being furnished free]. These suits, like the old soldier in the time of the late unpleasantness, "They fit, and fit, and fit." TAKE OUR ADVIC

the sale for this week three hundred G. A. R. Suits, made of the very best all wool indigo blue flannel, with either single

Don't wait; the sooner you get here, the better for you. (Why not look in our east show window and let the suits talk to you). NEBRASKA CLOTHING COMPA

Corner Douglas and Fourteenth Streets.

LOOKING FOR MORE BOODLE.

Chicago Expects Another Sensation in Connection with Its County Board.

SUMMONED BEFORE THE GRAND JURY.

Electric Lights Put in So That Work on World's Fair Buildings Can Be Pushed Both Day and Night.

> CHICAGO OFFICE OF THE BER,) Спіслоо, Мау 26.

Another big sensation in connection with the administration of county affairs is not improbable. Every member of the county board has been served with a subpoena to appear before the grand jury today. The subpænas were made out in blank so far as the subject of the investigation was con-

"It is all spite work," said one commissioner, "and is the culmination of the bad blood that exists between the members of the board."

One of the most prevalent opinions was that County Architect Wegman was to be investigated, threats of which have been

recently made. There is much speculation as to the ultimate object of the inquiry. It is known that there are two factions in the board and the supposition is that one faction has instigated the investigation into the doings of the other in the letting of certain contracts which have been the subject of public criticism. So far the examination has been confined to inquiries as to alleged incompetence and favoritism on the part of the county ar chitect.

LIGHT FOR WORLD'S PAIR WORK. Contractors on all of the big buildings as the world's fair can work twenty-four hours if they so elect. Chief Barrett went to the exposition grounds yesterday and made the preliminary inspection necessary to enable him to string electric rights all over the grounds at once.

"We intend to put up so many lights that work can go ahead in the night just as well as in the day. Then we will properly light the streets and roadways leading into the park, so that in the event of fire the department could get in and begin work promptly." PROBIBITIONISTS NEED PUNDS.

The state probibition committee has issued circular letter calling for further pledges of funds. They need \$500 a month, half of which has already been pledged. A vigor-ous campaign is to be waged from this time till the election in 1892 and funds are sorely

THE CIGAR MAKERS' STRIKE. At a meeting of the members of the Cigar strike situation was fully discussed. Many of the manufacturers reported they were working five and six men and some had made 15,000 cigars during the week. The decision to keep the factories closed until August was almost unanimous, and it was the sense of the assembly that if by that time no better terms were offered by the union a committee would be sent to other cities to get cigarmakers to come to Chicago and work for fair DON'T KNOW THE SWINDLERS.

The Chicago police know nothing of "Profs." Bush and Dodd who victimized the people of Omaha on an airship scheme on Sunday last. They probably got their idea from visiting Pennington's airship at the exception building. position building. PREFERS EDITING TO POLITICS.

Ex-Senator Gilbert A. Pierce, late of Da-kota and now of Minneapolis, announces his permanent retirement from politics. As editor-in-chief of the Minneapolis Tribune he finds his time wholly occupied.

finds his time wholly occupied.

"I can have more fun calling the Tribune for a week" said he to The Bee representative at the Grand Pacific, "than I could in running for office a whole year."

Referring to the report that the purchase of the Tribune by Mr. Murphy and himself had been made with a view to booming the interests of Mr. Harrison in the northwest, he said: "There is no truth in the state-

ment. The Tribune is not anybody's organ and will not be under the present manage-ment. Its purchase was purely a business venture and we expect to run it as a business entermined!

Minneapolis, the ex-senator said, expects to make a strong effort to secure the next republican convention. "If we can get Chi-cago to help us we feel reasonably certain of getting it," said Mr. Pierce," "and we think Chicago won't care to bother with it. Chicago likes hog but we don't believe she wants the whole hog.
"And then," he added with a smile, "St.

Paul will give us a lift, too." BRAZIL BAD OFF FINANCIALLY. General Thomas L. Osborn, who has just returned after twenty years' residence in South America, says from all he could learn Brazil is going the way of Argentine finan-

cially.
"Although the people are contented and things seem to be running smoothly enough the fact is the party in control of the govern ment is trying to make the country rich by printing an immense amount of paper cur rency. Unless there is a change in this policy the crisis is bound to come as it did in Argen-tine. The trouble is that those South American fellows are all pretty much alike when it comes to running a government."

WESTERN PEOPLE IN CHICAGO. Among the western people in Chicago to-day were the following: At the Wellington-Mrs. T. B. Shephard, At the Psimer-J. Watson, Helena, Mont.

W. H. Maginnes, Ogden, Utah: William Van Eps, R. H. Both, Sioux Falis, S. D.; J. Shea, Council Biuffs. At the Grand Pacific—E. T. Koch, Cedar Kapids, Ia.; Paris Gibson, Theodore Gibson, Great Falls, Mont.; Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Caloons, Omaha; Senator and Mr. H. C. Hansbrough, North Dakota. General Passenger Agent John Francis of the B. & M. is in the city, attending a meetng of the general passenger agents of the Burlington system.

cu re sick headache and regulatetho The musical event of the season "Joan of Are" with new organ. Grand piano and chorus of fifty voices, at the

DeWitt's Little Early Risers: only pili to

new Methodist church tomorrow night KILLED BY A COMRADE.

A Bet Results in One Soldier Shoot ing Another.

NEW YORK, May 26 .- Private McLean of battery I was mortally wounded by his comrade, Private Nelson, battery A, at Fort Hamilton, on Sunday evening. The shooting was the result of a quarrel. Nelson and several other soldiers were at Napier's hotel betting on a horse racing penny-in-the-slot machine. He bet with a comrade and was declared to be the winner, when Private McLean, who had just entered, having left the hospital without leave, interfered and returned to each man his own money, telling them they were too drunk to bet. McLean then walked back lifto the fort and met a nurse who was out looking for him. Meanwhile Nelson went to the sergeant in charge of the arms and obtained his musket on the pretense of cleaning it. Where he obtained the cartridge is a mystery, as it was an oldis known to have never been kept at Fort Hamilton. Nelson approached McLean, who Hamilton. Nelson approached McLean, who was standing on the parapet, and raised his musket. The nurse fold McLean to run as Nelson was going to shoot him, and Private O'Malley, the picket, galled to Nelson to put down the gun. McLean started to run, when Nelson, taking deliberate aim, fired, the bullet passing through McLean's left hand, entered his body near the spine and penetrated the kidney. He was taken to the hospital and there is no hope of his recovery. Nelson gave himself up, saying he had shot the thief who had tried to rob me. He was drunk. Among the soldiers Nelson's reputation was bad, but Colonel Langdon says he was a good soldier and that he was feeling was a good soldier and that he was feeling him because his application to be transferred to the west for his health had just been refused. He was generally steady and had saved some money. Both men came from the Pacific coast with their regiment about a year ago.

About three dozen physicians of the regular school met in the Paxton cafe at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to take some concerted action on the verdict rendered by the Coro ner's jury in the Richard Melody case. A

umber of short speeches were made and the case gone over at some length.

The press was also censured for not giving the inquest the attention the doctors thought it required. Finally a committee was ap-

pointed to draft a resolution expressing the sense of the meeting. The resolutions condemued the sanitary condition of the build-ing and also the method of procuring and treating patients.
The board of health was urged to carry out the sanitary regulations as applied to such buildings. It is stated that further action

will be taken by the physicians unless the ouilding is closed.

Do Horses Talk? We have our doubts on this subject, but if hey could, we believe their first words would e to ask masters always to keep a bottle of Haller's Barbed Wire Liniment on hand. It s unequalled for cuts, bruises and sprains. In fact, horses fairly cry for it.

STIRRING UP CHURCH STRIFE. The Appointment of American Bishops

May Lead to Trouble. NEW YORK, May 26.-The attempt of a committee of Catholics of Germany, Belgium, Austria, Italy and Switzerland to influence the pope to appoint for the United States bishops of the same nationality as the Catholic immigrants who settle in this country, has stirred up leading Catholics here, and there promises to be a lively time before the matter is settled. The first intimation of the scheme came to this country in the form of a cablegram published on May 9. It told that M. Cohensley had presented a memorial to the pope, signed by the members of the committee. The memorialists claimed that only Irish priests were made bishops in this country, and that they paid little attention to the spiritual wants of the Catholic immigrants of other nations. The petition was prepared at a conference at Luzerne. One of the signers was said to be a Canadian priest, one Father

Villeneuve.

It was seen at once by leading Catholics here that if the petition of the memorialists was granted the progress of the Catholic church in this country might be retarded. Father Smith is of the opinion that our in-difference in the matter of immigration is responsible in a measure for the attempt to force foreign bishops on this country. "The different nationalties," he says, "have been allowed such privileges that they have come to think the transplanting of Quebec, Germany, Poland, Hungary and Syria, with their languages, traditions and beirarchies, a very feasible scheme—so feasible that they are not earning a single point in the English anguage, are strong upholders of monarchial institutions and utterly ignorant of America opinion. An idea has taken root among the different races on our soil that the entire stock, native and foreign, can use their rac tongue as the common language and still be

O, if I only had her complexion! Why, it is easily obtained. Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powders.

Dr. George C. Wilkinson is ill with a fever

Flavoring **Extracts**

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Lemon

-) Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy In their use Rose etc.; Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists, 1409 DOUGLAS STREET



The most widely and favorably known specialists in the United States. Their long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the treatment and cure of Nervous. Chronic and Surgical Diseases, entitle those eminent physicians to the full confidence of the afficted everywhere. They guarantee:

A CERTAIN AND POSITIVE CURE for the awill effects of early vice and the aumerous evils that follow in its train.

PRIVATE, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES speedily, completely and permanently cured. speedily, completely and permanently cured. NERVOUS DEBILITY AND SEXUAL DIS-ORDERS yield readily to their skillful treat-PILES, FISTULA AND RECTAL ULCERS waranteed cured without pain or detention om business. HYDROCELE AND VARICOCELE perma-HYDROCELE AND VARICOCELE permanently and successfully cured in every case, SYPHILIS, GONOBRHEA, GLEET, Spermatorrhee, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Decayed Faculties, Female Weakness and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex positively cured, as well as all functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

STRICTURE Guaranteed permanently without cutting, caustic or dilatation. Cured effected at home by patient without a moment's pain or annoyance.

TO YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN. A SURE CURE The awful effects of orrante weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dre ded ills permanently DRS. BETTS Address those who have improper induigence and solitary nabits, which ruin both mind and bedy, unfitting them for business, study or marriage.

MARRIED MEN or these entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly assisted.

OUR SUCCESS Is based upon facts. First—Practical experience. Second—Every care is specially studied, thus starting right. Third—medicines are prepared in our laboratory exactly to suit each ease, thus effecting cures without injury. Drs. Betts & Betts.

PROPOSALS FOR ERECTION OF SCHOOL building. United States Indian school service, Ganoa industrial school, Genoa Neb., May 8, 1891.—Scaled proposals, endorsed "Proposals for erection of school building," and addressed to the undersigned at Genoa. Neb., will be received at this school untill o'clock of June 1, 1891, for furnishing the material and erecting a gris' brick dormitory building on the school grounds in accordance with plans and specifications that may be examined at the office of the "Bee" at Omaha, Neb., and at this school. The necessary excavation and grading will be done by the school and the gravel required in concrete work furnished, unscreened on the ground, without cost to the contractor. Certified Checks, Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository or solvent national bunk in the vicinity of the bidder's place of business, made payable to the order of the comm scioner of indica affairs, for at least 5 per cent of the amount of the proposal, which check or draft will be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shalf fall to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids or any part of any bid if deemed for the best interests of the service. W. B. Backus, Superintendent

Drs. Betts & Betts RAILWAY TIME CARD

.Chicago Vestibule. 8.00 n m 10.05 n m Leaves BURLINGTON & MO. RIVER Arrives Omaha. Depot 10th and Mason Sts. Omaha. ... Denver Day Express... Deadwood Express...



Denver Express
Denver Night Express
Lincoln Limited
Lincoln Local K. C., ST. J. & C. B. Depot 10th and Mason Sts. Arrives Omaha. UNION PACIFIC. Depot 10th and Murcy Sts. Arrives Omaha. 4.35 p ra 4.00 p ra 9.05 p ra 11.55 a ra 10.10 a m | Kansas City Express (ex Sun.) Leaves CHICAGO, MIL & ST. PAUL. Omaha. U. P. dapot, and Marcy Sta. CHICAGO, R. I. & PACIFIC. P. depot, 10th and Marcy St. Arrives Night Express. SIOUX CITY & PACIFIC. Depot 10th and Marcy Sts. Arrives Omaha. SIOUX CITY & PACIFIC Arrives Omaha. ... St. Paul Limited ... 6.00 p m 9.25 a m Leaves CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN. Arrives Omaha. U. P. depot, 10th and Marcy Sts. Omaha.St. Lonis Cannon Bail...... 12.35 p m F., E. & MO. VALLEY Depot 15th and Webster S C., ST. P., M. & O. Depot 15th and Webster Sts. 5.45 p m St. Paul Limited. 5.15 p m Bancroft Passenger (Ex Sunday) MISSOURI PACIFIC. Depot 15th and Webster Sts. 9.30 p m St. Louis & K. C. Express... 9.30 p m St. Louis & K. C. Express... Leaves K. C., ST. JOE & C. B. Transfer Union Depot, Council Bluffs. Transfer 10.07 a mKansas City Day Express... 10.25 p mKansas City Night Express 5.45 p m 6.20 s m CHICAGO, R. I. & PACIFIC. Union Depot, Conneil Bluffs. Chicago Express. Leaves OMAHA & ST. LOUIS.
Transfes Union Depot, Council Bluffs.
440 p m St. Leau's Canon Ball 12.15 p tu 1409 DOUGLAS STREET. . . OMAHA, NEB Leaves CHICAGO, BURL'N & QUINCY. Transfer Union Depot, Council Bluds.

7.05 a m Slour City Accommodation. 6.05 p m St. Paul Express

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given that scaled bids will be received by the board of public-lands and buildings at the office of the secretary of state at bincoin, Neb., until the 2nd day of June, 1801, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the erection, construction and completion of a two-story brick and stone building known as "The State Industrial School for Boys and Gris," to be creeted at Geneva, Fillmore county, Neb., as per plans, specifications and designs now on lie in the office of the commissioner of public lands and buildings at Lincoln, Neb.

Contractors will be required to conform to rules and regulations as set forth in specifications adouted by the board.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Lincoln, Neb. May 5, 1801 Notice to Contractors.

Arrives Transfer

nnd all bids.
Dated at Lincoln, Neb., May 6, 1891.
A. R. HUMPHREY.
President Board Public Lands and Buildings
Attest: John Callen, Secretary of State
M9/24m

AGENTS WANTED.—CANVASSERS in Overy Town and County of the State. Big commission, exclusive territory. Correspond and get full particulars.

THE MIDLAND POTTERY CO. ROSEVILLE, G